

**NATIONAL BATTLEFIELDS PARK**

**WINTER FAMILY WALKING RALLY**  
**Approximate route distance: 2 km**

**SCHOOL BREAK WEEK**

## POINTS OF INTEREST

**Departure: Discovery Pavilion of the Plains of Abraham, 835 Wilfrid-Laurier Avenue. You will receive a map will help you find your way around and answer some of the questions. Always keep this map with you and consult it every time you need.**

**1. Discovery Pavilion of the Plains of Abraham 12 points**

(Departure: 835 Wilfrid-Laurier Avenue, level 0)

**True or false:** this building was first constructed for military purposes, nowadays it houses:

- a) A four-star restaurant \_\_\_\_\_
- b) An exhibition on the history of Canada \_\_\_\_\_
- c) A home for elderly people \_\_\_\_\_
- d) A tourist information office for the province of Quebec \_\_\_\_\_
- e) Free access to wireless network ZAP \_\_\_\_\_
- f) The information desk on the park's activities \_\_\_\_\_

Optional: visit of Odyssey: A journey through history on the Plains of Abraham. Ask for details at the reception desk at the Discovery Pavilion of the Plains of Abraham.

**2. Cross of Sacrifice (number 33 on the map) 2 points**

(At the corner of Grande Allée and George VI)

**Question:** The Cross of Sacrifice commemorates the courage of soldiers who died in how many conflicts? \_\_\_\_\_

**3. George VI Avenue 2 points**

(Entrance by the Cross of Sacrifice which winds through the northern part of the park)

**Question:** the avenue got its name in 1939 for the occasion of the visit to Quebec City of King George VI of England and his daughter \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

**4. Cap-aux-Diamants Avenue 4 points**

(First intersection on George VI leading towards the river)

**Question:** Which expression went around in France after people had realized that the gems brought to the king by Jacques Cartier turned out to be common quartz?

“\_\_\_\_\_ as a \_\_\_\_\_ diamond”.

5. **The Citadel of Quebec** **2 points**  
(Up the hill of Cap-aux-Diamants to the west)

?kraP dleifelttaB lanoitaN eht fo trap cebeuQ fo ledatiC eht si, uoy ot gniDroccA:  
**noitseuQ**

SEY or ON

6. **Site of the great events** **2 points**  
(Flat ground going from the Citadel to the west)

**Question:** This site have been the meeting points for great events since many years now. Which of the following events never took place on the site?

- a) Quebec Winter Carnival
- b) Quebec Summer Festival
- c) Canada Day
- d) Quebec National Holiday
- e) None of the above

7. **Avenue \_\_\_\_\_** **2 points**  
(2<sup>nd</sup> intersection going on westward)

During the fund-raising campaign for the creation of the National-Battlefields-Park in 1908, the province of \_\_\_\_\_ donated \$100, 000. To thank the province, the commissioners decided to give its name to the road that skirts the south part of the park.

8. **Drill Hall** **2 points**  
(Keep walking to the west on George VI)

Built between 1885 and 1888 according to the plans of Eugène-Étienne Taché, this

hall was to be used for civil and military purposes.

**Question:** gnidrocca ot uoy, seod eht llirD llaH llits emoc rednu eht lanoitaN ecnefeD?

YES or NO

**9. Montcalm Monument** **6 points**  
(On Grande Allée on the west side of the Loews Le Concorde)

This monument, which represents Montcalm dying and supported by an angel, is a replica of the one erected in the Marquis of Montcalm's birthplace. The monument is a gift offered by France to Quebec City in 1911.

**Question:** What is the name of Montcalm's birthplace? To find it, replace the number by the corresponding letter of the alphabet.

22-5-19-20-18-9-3 – 3-1-14-4-9-1-3, 6-18-1-14-3-5.

----- - -----, -----.

**10. Joan of Arc Garden (number 23 on the map)** **4 points**

Once you have arrived at the Joan of Arc Garden, observe the streetlights. They are exclusive to the park and yet the ones around the garden are different. The Joan of Arc Garden was indeed laid out (1938) after the rest of the park.

**Question:** How many streetlights do we find around the Joan of Arc Garden?

\_\_\_\_\_

**Question:** What was the year of the creation of the national battlefield park? \_\_\_\_\_

**11. Joan of Arc Monument** **2 points**

In 1429, Joan of Arc left her village in France at the age of 17. Mysterious voices commanded her to throw the English out of France and let King Charles VII be placed on the throne. An American couple who was charmed by their visit of Quebec City donated this monument to the National Battlefields Commission.

**Question:** According to you, what did Joan of Arc symbolize for the donators of the monument?

- a) A tribute to the courage of teenagers
- b) A tribute to the perseverance of women
- c) A tribute to the bravery of the soldiers of 1759-1760

- d) A tribute to the recklessness of horses
- e) None of the above

**12. Ô Canada 2 points**

(Keep walking to the west until you are face to face with the Joan of Arc statue)  
Read the text on the commemorative plaque and answer the following question:

Question: according to you, was the Ô Canada anthem originally written in French or in English? \_\_\_\_\_

**13. Municipal reservoir 2 points**

(Flat ground on the south side of George VI Avenue)

This area hides underneath the municipal reservoir of Quebec City. Built on the highest spot of the city from 1931 to 1935, this underground reservoir can contain up to 150, 000 cubic meters of water and was to be used in case of important fires and for supplying Quebec City with drinking water.

**Question:** today still reservoir in is use this, you to according?

NO or YES

**14. Martello Towers (number 21 and 25 on the map) 2 points**

(Stone-built round structures)

Four Martello Towers were built in Quebec City by the British between 1808 and 1812.

**Question:** What were the Martello Towers used as?

- a) Coal furnaces
- b) Defence systems
- c) Windmills
- d) Ammunition warehouses
- e) None of the above

**15. Taché Street 2 points**

(Turn right at the intersection)

This street was named after Eugène-Étienne Taché, chartered surveyor, architect and civil engineer. He was deputy minister of the Lands of the Crown for the

Province of Quebec from 1869 to 1912. We owe him Quebec's motto.

**Question:** Do you remember this motto? “ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ ”

- 16. Wilfrid-Laurier Avenue** **4 points**  
(First intersection)

**Question:** According to you, what are the missing words in the following sentence?

This avenue was named after Sir Wilfrid Laurier, first F \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ C \_ \_ \_ \_ \_  
to fulfill the function of Prime Minister of Canada.

- 17. Martello Tower 2 (number 21 on the map)** **2 points**  
(At the corner of Taché and Laurier)

**Question:** What kind of activity you will never find happening at the Martello Tower 2 nowadays?

- a) Children's birthday parties
- b) Educational activities for students
- c) Daytime camp activities
- d) A haunted maze
- e) None of the above

- 18. De Bernières Avenue** **2 points**  
(Go back to George VI)

De Bernières Street starts at this point. Henri de Bernières was born in Caen, Normandy in 1635. He became Quebec City's first priest, then the first superior of the Quebec Seminary and a close assistant to the seminary's founder.

**Question:** In your opinion, who founded the Quebec Seminary?

- a) Monsignor de Laval
- b) Monsignor Casot
- c) Monsignor de Koninck
- d) Monsignor Vachon
- e) None of the above

**19. Number 390 de Bernières Avenue**  
(At the corner of Taché and de Bernières)

**2 points**

**Question:** What is located at this address?

- a) An old neighbourhood chapel
- b) The residence of the owners of the Plains of Abraham
- c) The residence of the warden of the park
- d) The National Battlefields Commission's head office
- e) None of the above

**20. Garneau Monument (number 13 on the map) 4 points**  
(Keep walking to the west on George VI until you get to a bronze bust)

Sir George Garneau was the first president of the National Battlefields Commission.

**Question:** Who was the sculptor of this monument?

First name:                      Meat that is not cooked \_ \_ \_  
Former spelling of the pronoun "all" \_ \_ \_

Last name:    Who chases, tracks down and kills \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

Answer: The monument is the work of a Quebec sculptor, better known as a former caricaturist at the daily newspaper *Le Soleil*. \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

**21. The Battlefield**

**2 points**

You are now at the center of the essence of the National Battlefields Commission's vocation. Right on this spot, you are walking on the very ground where the armies of The Marquis of Montcalm and General Wolfe fought and thus changed the course of history. The Commission had the mission of acquiring and laying out these lands in order to enhance their historical value so that the future generations may get to know and remember...

**Question:** When was the 250<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the battle of the Plains of Abraham?  
\_ \_ \_ \_ \_

**22. Edwin-Bélanger Bandstand (number 9 on the map) 2 points**

(Keep walking westward while looking at the river)

This round open structure with a roof is the Edwin-Bélanger Bandstand where many free concerts are presented in the summertime.

**Question:** Edwin Bélanger was a Quebec artist who died in January 2004 at the age of 84. What do you think his art was?

- a) Dance
- b) Music
- c) Mime
- d) Humour
- e) None of the above

**23. The Park's Greenhouses**

**2 points**

(On the north side of the road)

The park's greenhouses have been in operation since 1910 and produce all the necessary plants to brighten up the mosaicultures, Joan of Arc Garden, jardinières and flower beds.

**Question:** Many greenhouses produce each plant do the year how?

- a) 40, 000
- b) 60, 000
- c) 80, 000
- d) 100, 000
- e) None of the above

**24. The Baillairgé Pavilion**

**2 points**

(Go on to the west, first building on your left)

This building housed the provincial prison of Quebec City for a century (1867-1967) and earned its designer, Charles Baillairgé, a prize for its architecture.

**Question:** Today this building is a part of what?

The \_\_\_\_\_



**25. Monument dedicated to Wolfe (number 17 on the map) 4 points**

(Keep walking to the west up to the monument)

The first monument dedicated to Wolfe was made out of a few blocks of granite and put by the government official land surveyor at the place where the English general passed away in 1759. A column was erected in 1832 and replaced later on, with the helmet and ancient sword at the top as new elements to the statue.

**Question:** Which land surveyor are we talking about?

First name: Find the letters corresponding to the pronunciation of “essay” \_\_  
Soft high-pitched sound made by a cat \_\_-  
Spanish masculine equivalent of the article “the” -

Last name: Large room used for exhibitions, concerts and meetings ----  
An area of ground that may be owned ----

Answer: The character that we are looking for also had an avenue and a park nearby the Jeffrey Hales Hospital named after him.

We are talking about \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ .

**26. Grey Terrace (number 34 on the map) 6 points**

(Terrace overlooking the river with a Canadian flag)

The Grey Terrace was named after an English diplomat and politician, the Earl Albert George Grey. He took part in the project of the creation of the National Battlefields Park. Earl Grey was Governor General of Canada from AIOD to AIDD. He was a sports enthusiast and we owe him the famous Canadian football league trophy.

**Question:** What is the name of that trophy? The \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

A mistake crept in the dates. With the method already taken in this rally, you can discover the real dates by using the method the other way around. From \_ \_ \_ \_ to \_ \_ \_ \_ .

**27. Sports Ground**

**10 points**

(The big open area on the north side of the street skirting the Grey Terrace)

This area was the starting point of the park when the latter was created in 1908. The Ursulines made it over to the City of Quebec which in turn made it over to the National Battlefields Commission.

**Question:** Name five activities that people can do on this ground nowadays?

\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_.

**28. Gilmour Hill**

**2 points**

(Keep going to the west)

The Gilmour Hill was named after an important timber merchant family who lived nearby the hill at the turn of the 20<sup>th</sup> Century. It is also where the British troops lead by General Wolfe climbed up the cliff to take General Montcalm's French troops by surprise on the Plains of Abraham.

**Question:** What is particular about the Gilmour Hill in the wintertime?

\_\_\_\_\_.

**Bonus Points**

**29.** As you may have observed it throughout the rally, the name of the park is written in several different manners. How should it be written officially?

- a) National Battlefields Park
- b) National-Battlefields-Park
- c) National Battlefield Park
- d) national battlefield park
- e) None of the above

**4 points**

**30.** According to you, where does the name "Plains of Abraham" come from?

- a) Abraham Martin, pilot of the king and one of the first secular settlers to inhabit the Heights of Quebec. Curiously, Abraham Martin's lands were located just outside the present-day limits of the park.
- b) Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States who tried to annex Canada to the other existing American colonies.

- c) Abraham the Patriarch. The religious communities that possessed most of the Heights of Quebec gave the biblical character's name to the plateau overlooking the river.
  - d) Abraham Martineau, rich landowner. He bought the plains right after his arrival in the colony and gave them his name. He and his descendants owned the plains until the 1759 battle of the Plains of Abraham.
  - e) None of the above
- 4 points**

**End of the rally. You can evaluate your knowledge of the park during winter now with the answer sheets!**

Thanks for your participation in the school break week activities. We hope that you have appreciated your experience.

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WINTER FAMILY WALKING RALLY

THE ANSWERS

1. a) False; b) True “Odyssey: A journey through the history on the Plains of Abraham”;  
c) False; d) False (for the Quebec City area only and not for the province); e) True;  
f) True
2. Three
3. Elizabeth
4. FAKE as a CANADIAN diamond
5. No
6. e) None of the above (All of these activities take place on this site at some time in the history).
7. Ontario
8. YES
9. Vestric-Candiac, France
10. 20 streetlights, 1908
11. A tribute to the bravery of the soldiers of 1750-1760
12. In French
13. YES
14. b) Defence systems
15. “Je me souviens” (I remember)
16. French Canadian
17. e) None of the above (All these activities are available. Consult the booklet.)
18. a) Monsignor de Laval
19. d) The National Battlefields Commission’s head office
20. Raoul Hunter
21. In 2009
22. b) Music
23. d) 100,000 plants
24. The *Musée national des beaux-arts du Québec*
25. Samuel Holland
26. The Grey Cup, 1904 to 1911
27. Rugby, football, soccer, in-line skating, walking, cross-country skiing, skating strides, bowls, jogging, flying kites
28. It is closed to road traffic.

**Bonus points**

29. a) National Battlefields Park. There are two battlefields (Plains of Abraham and Des Braves Park) on which only one battle took place.
30. a) Abraham Martin. Pilot of the king and one of the first secular settlers to inhabit the Heights of Quebec.

Total number of points

\_\_\_\_\_/100